A Practitioner's Guide and Toolkit: Getting Our Priorities Right (GOPR)

Checklist No 3: *Early Observations of Children and Young People*³

Who can use this Checklist and when can it be used?

All practitioners and managers in all services/agencies can use this Checklist to reflect further on any worries or concerns they may have witnessed or identified from recent contact with and/or observations of children/young people. This is a self-reflective Checklist which can be completed with or without the child/young person.

Name of Child or Young Person							Date of Birth	
No	Question	Yes	No	Not Sure	Notes			
1	Fractious baby - unsettled and crying?							
2	Not reaching developmental milestones?							
3	Poor attendance for immunisation or clinic?							
4	Erratic attendance at school or nursery?							
5	Child looking after siblings?							
6	Always or often hungry?							



(continued over)

³ Source: Developed (with kind permission) from Fife CPC's Practitioner's Guide: Early Response Children Affected by Parental Submission Misuse (CAPSM).

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No	Question	Yes	No	Not Sure	Notes
7	Drawing pictures of inappropriate subjects eg syringes?				
8	Inappropriate language for age?				
9	Knowledge of drug terms and language?				
10	Withdrawn and not mixing with peers?				
11	Over familiar with strangers?				
12	Deterioration in physical appearance?				
13	Demanding attention?				
14	Difficult behaviour in school?				
15	Lack of concentration?				
16	Under-achieving?				
17	Always or often tired?				
18	Secretive and non-communicative?				

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No	Question	Yes	No	Not Sure	Notes
19	Reluctant to go home?				
20	Homework not done?				
21	Late for school?				
22	Self-harm?				
23	Truanting?				

What is the information telling me?

Using this Checklist, analyse the information gathered and ask yourself the key question, "what is this information telling me?".

Consider the information gathered and identify the key risk factors for the child or young person or the parent/carer and their wider world. The Checklist will highlight the specific areas of concern/need/risk (your evidence) and should give you an overview of what you consider to be the key issues.

Now form a view as to the level of concern/need/risk for the child or young person or the parent/carer, taking account of the interaction between the child or young person or the parent/carer and their wider world.

What is the information telling you about the level of concern/need/risk?

What is the information telling me about the level of concern/need/risk?	(Consider frequency, duration, severity, single or accumulative in nature - significance of
factors in reaching a conclusion about the level of concern/need/risk).	

What am I going to do next?

Date Completed

Completed By

