A Practitioner's Guide and Toolkit: Getting Our Priorities Right (GOPR)







Checklist No 4: Early Observations of Parents and Carers⁴

Who can use this Checklist and when can it be used?

All practitioners and managers in all services/agencies can use this Checklist to reflect further on any worries or concerns they may have witnessed or identified from recent contact with and/or observations of parents/carers. This is a self-reflective Checklist which can be completed with or without the parent/carer.

Name of Child or Young Person Age							Date of Birth
No	Question	Yes	No	Not Sure	Notes		
1	Change in presentation - appearance and emotionally?						
2	Failing to keep appointments?						
3	Unusual events eg police involved?						
4	Short temper - use of harsh language?						
5	Missing cues from children?						
6	A&E admission or accidents?						

(continued over)

⁴ Source: Developed (with kind permission) from Fife CPC's Practitioner's Guide: Early Response Children Affected by Parental Submission Misuse (CAPSM).

(continued)

No	Question	Yes	No	Not Sure	Notes
7	Employment issues eg Mondays off?				
8	Intoxication?				
9	Change in partner?				
10	Non-attachment?				
11	Late presentation in pregnancy and/or poor attendance?				
12	Poor attendance?				
13	Attending clinics, school and/or meetings smelling of alcohol?				
14	Associating with bad characters eg known drug users?				
15	Families have no boundaries?				
16	Criminality - eg shoplifting?				
17	Professionals can't get access to house?				

(continued)

No	Question	Yes	No	Not Sure	Notes
18	Routines slipping or lacking?				
19	Parents not knowing where children are?				
20	Always asking for money for basics?				

What is the information telling me?

Using this Checklist, analyse the information gathered and ask yourself the key question, "what is this information telling me?".

Consider the information gathered and identify the key risk factors for the child or young person or the parent/carer and their wider world. The Checklist will highlight the specific areas of concern/need/risk (your evidence) and should give you an overview of what you consider to be the key issues.

Now form a view as to the level of concern/need/risk for the child or young person or the parent/carer, taking account of the interaction between the child or young person or the parent/carer and their wider world.

What is the information telling you about the level of concern/need/risk?

What is the infort				(Consider frequency, du	ıration, severity, sir	ngle or accumulative in nature - significance o			
What am I going to do next?									
Date Completed		Completed By			Line Manager				