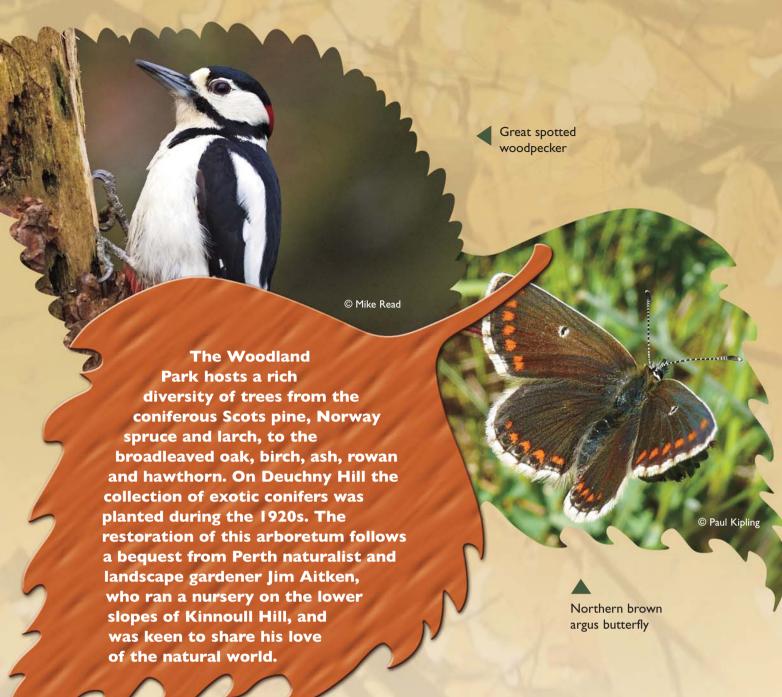
### Wildlife

Kinnoull Hill Woodland Park combines coniferous and broadleaved trees with open heathland. This varied mix makes it an ideal habitat for a range of wildlife. Look out for the park's more camera shy residents, roe deer and red squirrels, especially near larch and Scots pine.

The raucous call of the colourful jay or the drumming of the great spotted woodpecker provide an interesting back beat to the woodland soundtrack. As you climb skywards, keep your eyes peeled for the playful peregrine falcons and the ravens nesting in the cliffs below.

The many wildflowers add splashes of colour to the woodland palette. Seasonal surprises include carpets of bluebells, the sunshine yellow primrose and the delicate white face of chickweed winter green. Clinging to the side of the cliffs, mountain thyme and common rock rose provide a regular source of food for the Northern brown argus butterfly.



### The past and present

While the Woodland Park may look natural, it was created in its entirety by man over the ages. The earliest evidence of this is in the outline of the Iron Age fort on Deuchny Hill.

During the Romantic period, the area was privately owned and formed part of a designed landscape. Trees were planted and paths created to allow ladies in their carriages to enjoy the beautiful landscape.

The gentlemen accompanied on foot as the paths were too narrow to accommodate their transport. Kinnoull Hill Tower and Binn Hill Tower were built during this period as viewpoints and landmarks above the Tay.

Kinnoull Hill was gifted to the city of Perth in 1924, and along with Corsiehill and Deuchny Wood, was officially recognised as Scotland's first woodland park in 1991. The park is managed through a successful partnership of landowners and the local community. This innovative scheme gives users an opportunity to influence its management. Countryside rangers care for the day-to-day running of the whole area and are happy to answer questions or give advice.

### Did you know?

- The views from the park stretch north to the Highlands; across Perth, through Fife to the Lomond Hills; and down the Tay Estuary to Dundee.
- Before the opening of the Perth Bridge in 1770, the village of Corsiehill was a meeting place for smugglers attempting to avoid the strict taxes charged by the Burgh.
- The most historic of all the routes through the park is the Coronation Road through Deuchny Hill. It was used by kings and queens travelling from Falkland Palace to Scone Palace, the traditional crowning place of the Scottish monarch.

Kinnoull Hill Tower bathed in autumn sun



spread for more details on all 2ee the map on the inside

excellent horse riding opportunities. fracks throughout the park offer Many of the forest roads and hard

#### Horse riding

criss crossing the park. the forest roads and hard tracks and all cyclists are welcome to use more adventurous mountain bikers Deuchny Wood is perfect for the

### Cycling and mountain biking

with pushchairs, to more strenuous tor wheelchair users and families park, ranging from routes designed path suitable for you within the Whatever your ability there is a

Walking

overlooks the city of Perth. which, at 222 metres (728 feet) above sea level, and Binn. The most well known is Kinnoull Hill Barnhill and the wooded hills of Kinnoull, Deuchny The park consists of the settlements of Corsiehill,

> next to the city of Perth. enjoy the peace of this quiet haven woodland, discover the wildlife or Park, where you can explore the Welcome to Kinnoull Hill Woodland

### **SCOTTISH OUTDOOR ACCESS CODE**

Know the Code before you go...

Everyone has the right to be on most land and inland water providing they act responsibly. Your access rights and responsibilities are explained fully in the Scottish Outdoor Access Code.

Whether you're in the outdoors or managing the outdoors, the key things are to:

- take responsibility for your own actions
- respect the interests of other people
- care for the environment

Find out more by visiting www.outdooraccess-scotland.com or contacting your local Scottish Natural Heritage office.

Contact Perth and Kinross Council Ranger Service on 01738 475000

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Kinnoull Hill Woodland Park is owned by Perth and Kinross Council, Forestry Commission Scotland and other partners. It is one of the sites included in the Perthshire Big Tree Country Heritage and Access project, celebrating the amazing woodland heritage in the area, and co-ordinated by Perth and Kinross Countryside Trust.

#### Other Big Tree Country sites in this cluster are:

- The David Douglas memorial in Old Scone Church grounds
- Meikleour Beech Hedge
- Quarrymill Woodland Park
- Scone Palace

www.perthshirebigtreecountry.co.uk

Cover image © Mike Bell

This project is funded and supported by:

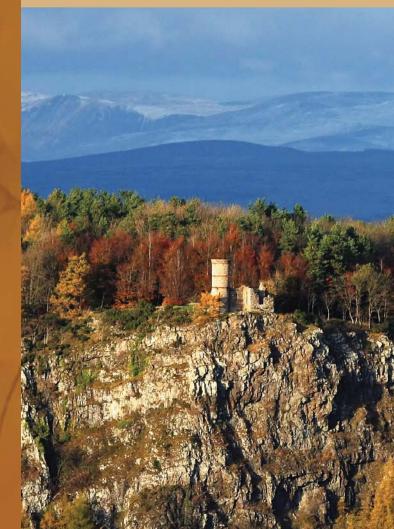




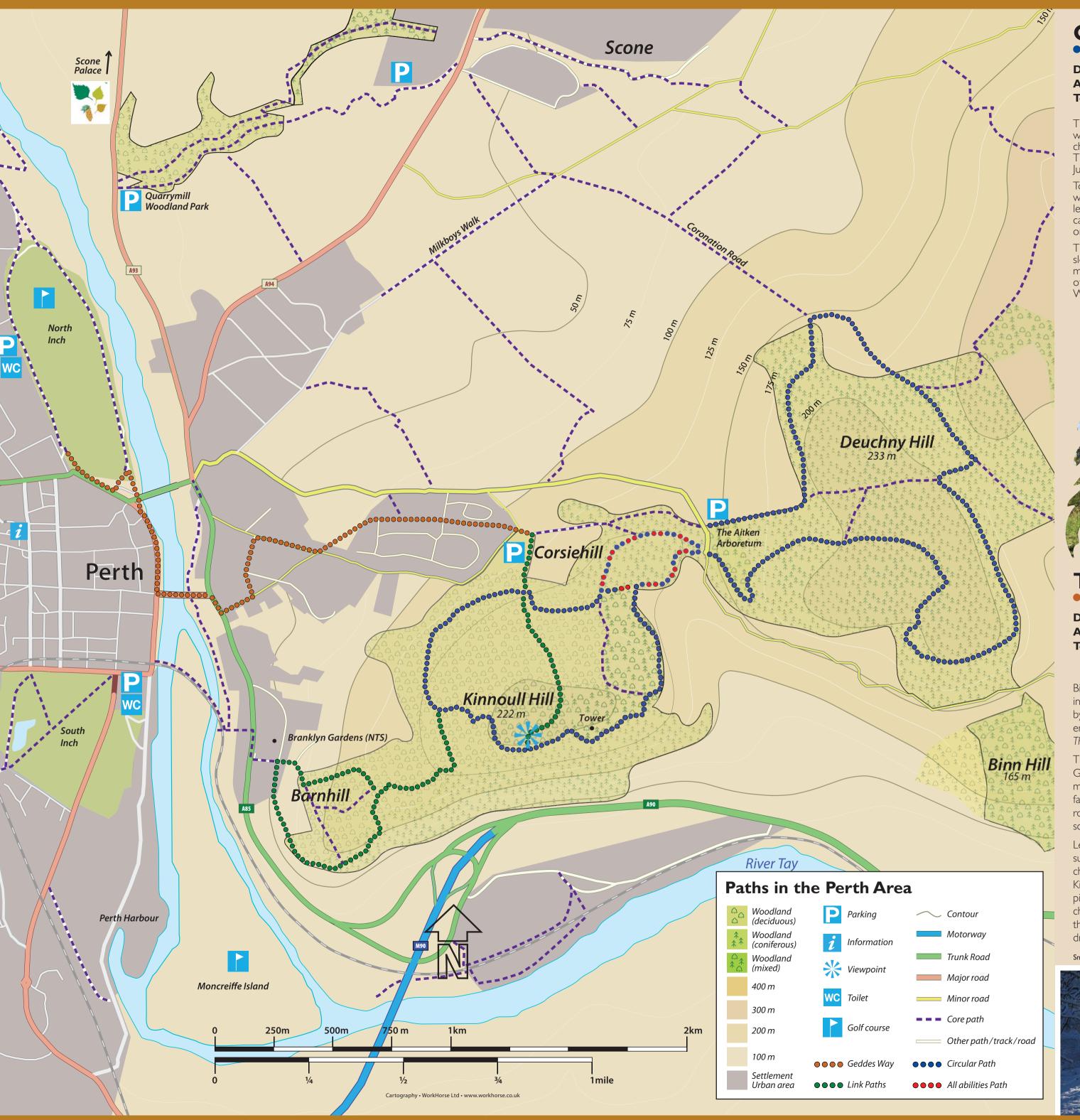












# **Circular Path**

**Distance:** 9 km (5½ ml) Approx time: 3½ hrs

Some steep slopes Terrain:

The well surfaced path running through the woodland park allows a wide range of users the chance to explore the delightful mixed woodland. The extensive path forms a figure of eight, with Jubilee Car Park at its centre.

To the west, the path loops through the deciduous wooded slopes of Kinnoull Hill. In autumn, the leaves from the spectacular fiery beech trees carpet the woodland floor in russet and burnt orange.

The eastern loop meanders through the planted slopes of Deuchny, where trees are grown and managed for timber. The year-round greenness offers a sharp contrast to other areas of the Woodland Park, particularly in winter months.

## **All Abilities Path**

I km (½ ml) Distance: Approx time: 30 mins

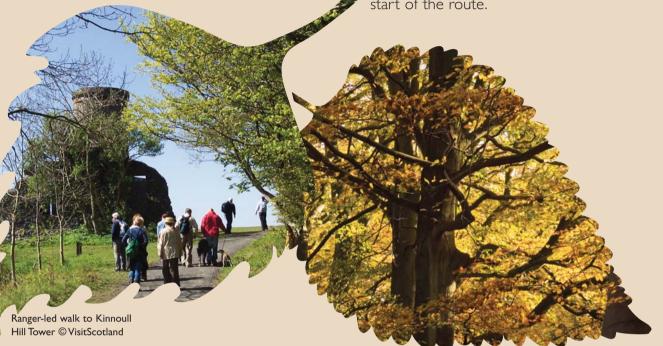
Terrain: Level and well surfaced with

gentle slopes

From visitors looking to enjoy a leisurely stroll, to parents with prams and pushchairs, and wheelchair users, this path is suitable for everyone.

Beginning at Jubilee Car Park, the route is circular and best followed in a clockwise direction. Offering stunning views westwards along the Tay Valley, the path is ideal for those wishing to experience the full majesty of Kinnoull Hill, without climbing to the summit.

Disabled only parking facilities are available at the start of the route.



# The Geddes Way

Distance: 3 km (2 ml) one way Approx time: 50 minutes

Some steep sections on Terrain:

Kinnoull Hill

Biologist and botanist Sir Patrick Geddes was raised in Mount Tabor Cottage on Corsiehill. Fascinated by the interaction between people and their environment, he coined the famous phrase Think Global, Act Local.

The path begins at the site of the original Perth Grammar, where Geddes went to school, passing many landmarks with which he would have been familiar. Crossing the Tay by the Queen's Bridge, the route takes you through Riverside Park containing sculptures influenced by Geddes' thinking.

Leaving the town centre, a stroll through leafy suburbs leads to Corsiehill, passing Geddes' childhood home. On your way to the summit of Kinnoull Hill, listen for the gentle sound of wood pigeons and the two-tone rhythmic call of the chiffchaffs. Once there take a well earned rest on the benches installed to celebrate Geddes, and drink in the view.

Snow covered trees in the woodland park © PKCT

# **Link Paths**

Terrain:

I km (½ ml) - Corsiehill link Distance:

2 km (1¼ ml) - Barnhill link Approx time: 30 mins - Corsiehill link

I hr - Barnhill link

Some steep sections

For those with limited time, the two link paths offer snapshots of the Woodland Park on their way up to the top of Kinnoull Hill.

Starting at Corsiehill Car Park, the first of these guides you to the summit via the shortest and quickest route, resulting in magnificent views across Perth and the Tay. Along with the birds and wildlife, look out for some fantastic sculptures carved using a chainsaw from fallen trees and

The second path is great for visitors parked at the South Inch. Crossing the Tay by way of the railway bridge, the route hugs the edge of the meadows before entering the woodland at Barnhill to join with the Circular Path to the summit. This area hosts the oldest trees in the woodland park, some of the oaks are around 200 years old and can be spotted from the path.

